# **SENATE BILL No. 83**

## DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 35-44-3-3.

**Synopsis:** Resisting law enforcement. Imposes a nonsuspendible mandatory minimum sentence for a person who commits resisting law enforcement and: (1) draws or uses a deadly weapon, inflicts bodily injury on or causes bodily injury to another person, or operates a vehicle in a manner that creates a substantial risk of bodily injury to another person; (2) operates a vehicle in a manner that causes serious bodily injury to another person; or (3) operates a motor vehicle in a manner that causes the death of another person.

Effective: July 1, 2006.

## Lubbers

January 9, 2006, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.





### Second Regular Session 114th General Assembly (2006)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in this style type. Also, the word NEW will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in this style type or this style type reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2005 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## SENATE BILL No. 83

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 35-44-3-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS

2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 3. (a) A person who
3	knowingly or intentionally:
4	(1) forcibly resists, obstructs, or interferes with a law enforcement
5	officer or a person assisting the officer while the officer is
6	lawfully engaged in the execution of his the officer's duties; as an
7	<del>officer;</del>
8	(2) forcibly resists, obstructs, or interferes with the authorized
9	service or execution of a civil or criminal process or order of a
10	court; or
11	(3) flees from a law enforcement officer after the officer has, by
12	visible or audible means, including operation of the law
13	enforcement officer's siren or emergency lights, identified

himself or herself and ordered the person to stop;

commits resisting law enforcement, a Class A misdemeanor, except as provided in subsection (b).

(b) The offense under subsection (a) is a:



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1	(1) Class D felony if:	
2	(A) the offense is described in subsection (a)(3) and the person	
3	uses a vehicle to commit the offense; or	
4	(B) while committing any offense described in subsection (a),	
5	the person draws or uses a deadly weapon, inflicts bodily	
6	injury on or otherwise causes bodily injury to another	
7	person, or operates a vehicle in a manner that creates a	
8	substantial risk of bodily injury to another person;	
9	(2) Class C felony if, while committing any offense described in	_
10	subsection (a), the person operates a vehicle in a manner that	
11	causes serious bodily injury to another person; and	
12	(3) Class B felony if, while committing any offense described in	
13	subsection (a), the person operates a vehicle in a manner that	
14	causes the death of another person.	
15	(c) For purposes of this section, a law enforcement officer includes	
16	an alcoholic beverage enforcement officer of the alcohol and tobacco	
17	commission and a conservation officer of the department of natural	
18	resources.	
19	(d) If a person uses a vehicle to commit a felony offense under	
20	subsection (b)(1)(B), (b)(2), or (b)(3), as part of the criminal	
21	penalty imposed for the offense, the court shall impose a minimum	
22	executed sentence of at least:	
23	(1) thirty (30) days, if the person does not have a prior	
24	unrelated conviction under this section;	
25	(2) sixty (60) days, if the person has one (1) prior unrelated	
26	conviction under this section;	
27	(3) one hundred eighty (180) days, if the person has two (2)	
28	prior unrelated convictions under this section; or	W
29	(4) one (1) year, if the person has three (3) or more prior	
30	unrelated convictions under this section.	
31	(e) Notwithstanding IC 35-50-2-2 and IC 35-50-3-1, the	
32	mandatory minimum sentence imposed under subsection (d) may	
33	not be suspended.	
34	SECTION 2. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006] IC 35-44-3-3, as	
35	amended by this act, applies only to acts committed after June 30,	
36	2006.	

